Maths LTP – Year 5

Key place value objectives: (Focus for starter activities/ basic skills sessions. Objectives should underpin all mathematical skills.)

- Read, write, order and compare numbers to at least 1 000 000 and determine the value of each digit
- Count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 1 000 000
- Interpret negative numbers in context, count forwards and backwards with positive and negative whole numbers, including through zero.
- Round any number up to 1 000 000 to the nearest 10, 100, 1000, 10 000 and 100 000
- Find 10 or 100 more or less than a given number.
- Solve number problems and practical problems involving these ideas.
- Read Roman numerals to 1000 (M) and recognise years written in Roman numerals.
- Read, write, order and compare numbers with up to three decimal places

Autumn	Spring	Summer
Wk1 – Read, write, order and compare numbers	Wk1- Multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one-	WK1- Recognise mixed numbers and improper
to at least 1 000 000 and determine the value of	or two-digit number using a formal written	fractions and convert from one form to the other
each digit	method, including long multiplication for two-	and write mathematical statements > 1 as a
Round any number up to 1 000 000 to the	digit numbers	mixed number [for example, $2/5 + 4/5 = 6/5 =$
nearest 10, 100, 1000, 10 000 and 100 000		11/5]
Find 10 or 100 more or less than a given number.	Wk2- Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit	
Add and subtract numbers mentally with	number using the formal written method of short	Wk2- Multiply proper fractions and mixed
increasingly large numbers	division and interpret remainders appropriately	numbers by whole numbers, supported by
	for the context	materials and diagrams
Wk2- Count forwards or backwards in steps of		
powers of 10 for any given number up to 1 000	Wk3- Multiply and divide whole numbers and	Wk3- Solve problems involving multiplication and
000	those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1000.	division, including scaling by simple fractions and
Interpret negative numbers in context, count	Convert between different units of metric	problems involving simple rates.
forwards and backwards with positive and	measure (for example, kilometre and metre;	
negative whole numbers, including through zero.	centimetre and metre; centimetre and	Wk4- Recognise the per cent symbol (%) and
Read, write, order and compare numbers with up	millimetre; gram and kilogram; litre and millilitre	understand that per cent relates to 'number of
to three decimal places		parts per hundred', and write percentages as a
	Wk4- Understand and use approximate	fraction with denominator 100, and as a decimal
Wk3- Solve number problems and practical	equivalences between metric units and common	
problems involving these ideas.	imperial units such as inches, pounds and pints.	WK5- Solve problems which require knowing
Read Roman numerals to 1000 (M) and recognise		percentage and decimal equivalents of ½, ¼, 1/5,
years written in Roman numerals		

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Wk4 -Add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using formal written methods (columnar addition and subtraction)	Wk5 - Solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these, including understanding the meaning of the equals sign	2/5, 4/5 and those fractions with a denominator of a multiple of 10 or 25.
Wk5 -Use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy	Wk6- Use all four operations to solve problems involving measure [for example, length, mass, volume, money] using decimal notation, including scaling.	
Wk6- Measure and calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes in centimetres and metres.		
Wk7- Solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why.		

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 WK1- Know angles are measured in degrees: estimate and compare acute, obtuse and reflex angles Use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles Wk2- Solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in a line graph Wk3- Know and use the vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors and composite (non- prime) numbers Establish whether a number up to 100 is prime and recall prime numbers up to 19 Wk4 - Recognise and use square numbers and cube numbers, and the notation for squared (2) and cubed (3) Solve problems involving multiplication and division including using their knowledge of factors and multiples, squares and cubes. Wk5- Multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts Wk6- Solve problems involving converting between units of time. Complete, read and interpret information in tables, including timetables. 	 Wk1- Compare and order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number Wk2- Identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction, represented visually, including tenths and hundredths Wk3- Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator and denominators that are multiples of the same number Wk4- Read and write decimal numbers as fractions [for example, 0.71 = 71/100] Recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents Wk5- Round decimals with two decimal places to the nearest whole number and to one decimal place. Solve problems involving number up to three decimal places. 	 WK1- Distinguish between regular and irregular polygons based on reasoning about equal sides and angles. Identify 3-D shapes, including cubes and other cuboids, from 2-D representations Wk2- Identify, describe and represent the position of a shape following a reflection or translation, using the appropriate language with only small inaccuracies in positioning. WK3- Calculate and compare the area of rectangles (including squares), and including using standard units, square centimetres (cm²) and square metres (m²) and estimate the area of irregular shapes WK4- Estimate volume [for example, using 1 cm3 blocks to build cuboids (including cubes)] and capacity [for example, using water] WK5- Draw given angles, and measure them in degrees (°) Identify: angles at a point and one whole turn (total 360°) angles at a point on a straight line and a turn (total 180°) other multiples of 90°
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