Peasants, Princes and Pestilence

Year 5

Autumn Term 2

Science: Animals, including humans

- When humans develop into old age, they go through many changes.
- The gestation period is the development during the carrying of an embryo or foetus inside most mammals and some non-mammals.
- Animals and humans have different gestation periods, humans have 9 months, and animals' gestation periods range from a number of weeks to years.
- A mouse has a gestation period of only 21 days, whereas an elephant has a gestation period of 645 days—wow!

Human and elephant gestation:

Vocabulary

gestation nervous system life cycle organs humans baby animals mother changes growing growth hirth loetus womb. fertilisation mammals.

Geography: Human and Physical Geography

- You can locate the world's countries using maps.
- Human geography is the study of human interaction with the Earth and the environment.
- A key aspect of human geography is settlement and land use.
- Physical geography is the study of naturally occurring changes and the physical features of the Earth.
- Humans have both improved and damaged the environment and these characteristics can affect the lives and activities of the people living there—we see this with the Black Death.

Physical Geography



Human Geography



Vocabulary

<i>o</i>	
global	routes
spread	human
proximity	physical
Europe	impact
source country	environment
trade	analyse
transport	population

Design Technology: Cooking and Nutrition

- We will prepare and cook a medieval dish-in this case...gingerbread!
- In medieval ages, gingerbread was popular and very much a luxury.
- Medieval food could be quite bland so a sweet treat with spicy taste was unique for its time.
- Medieval spices were very expensive as they had to be imported from Asia and Africa-ginger and cinnamon were imported by the wealthy!

Gingerbread



Ginger and Cinnamon



Vocabulary

gingerbread design appropriate medieval cook luxury

evaluate taste.

critical evaluate

wealthy popular

History: Chronological awareness

- In the history of Europe, the Middle Ages or Medieval Period lasted from the 5th to the 15th century.
- The Black Death was a devastating global epidemic or bubonic plague that struck Europe and Asia in the mid-1300s.
- The Black Death spread quickly, from Asia in the 1330s, to as far north as Russia in 1351.
- Knights were important in the historical battles and wars of the 13th century.



Black Death





Vocabulary

Middle Ages

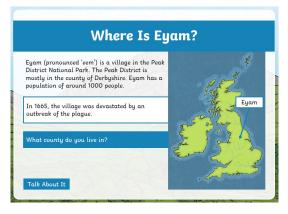
plague chronology

chivalry

epidemic

bubonic

Knights



Summer 1665 The plague breaks out in London..

End of Summer 1665

Cloth ordered by George

Viccars arrives in Eyam.

The cloth contains fleas

which carry the plague.

September to December 1665 42 villagers die from the plague.

Spring 1666

leave Eyam.

With more people dying,

villagers decide to

26th June 1666 William Mompesson says the village should be auarantined.

continue to die.

1st November 1666 Eyam becomes free of the plague. 260 villagers

have died. July to November 1666 1669 William Mompesson The village is cut-off from the outside. Villagers leaves Eyam.